

Using CAHPS® Surveys to Improve Patient Care Experiences in Medical Practices

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Presentation Overview



- Review recent efforts to improve patient care experiences in medical practices:
 - Collaborative approach in MN
 - Senior leadership initiated approach in MA
- Thoughts on what it takes to achieve and sustain improvements



The ICSI Action Group



Collaborative quality improvement project between:

- ICSI (Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement)
- 8 medical groups in Minnesota
- Harvard Medical School CAHPS Team

Objectives:

- Develop test version of Clinician/Group CAHPS for quality improvement
- Implement test survey to identify priorities for improvement
- Implement process improvements
- Assess and monitor impact



Participating Medical Groups



- CentraCare
- HealthPartners
- Mayo Clinic
- Northwest Family Physicians

- Olmsted Medical Center
- Quello Clinic
- Stillwater Medical Group
- St. Paul Heart Clinic



ICSI Action Group Components



- Modify CAHPS survey to support QI (Jul-Aug 03)
- Conduct "baseline" survey (Sept-Oct 03)
- Identify and implement process improvements through a collaborative process (Nov 03-Aug 04)
 - o Bimonthly in-person meetings with expert faculty
 - Bimonthly conference calls
 - "Ongoing survey" process targeted to specific topics
 - Use of CAHPS Improvement Guide
- Conduct "post" survey (Sept-Oct 04)
- Evaluate and document project results



Survey Topic Areas and Features



■ Topics:

- Access: Getting needed care
- Communication and interpersonal care
- Integration of care
- Office functioning: Scheduling and visit flow
- Preventive care
- Overall rating and willingness to recommend

■ Features:

- Refer to "your personal doctor" by name
- Combination of visit-specific and "past X months" questions
- Open-ended question



Ongoing Data Collection and Reporting



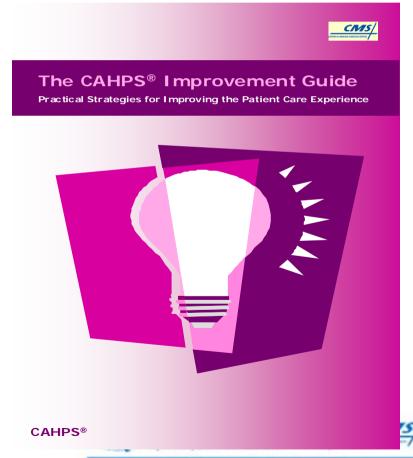
- ICSI contract with QDM for data collection and on-line reporting of results
- Baseline and one-year follow-up: n=55/group
- Monthly monitoring samples: n=25/group
- Outbound data collection via telephone
 - Interactive voice response (IVR)
 - Operator-assisted interview option
- Web-based reporting via Quality Desktop



The CAHPS® Improvement Guide



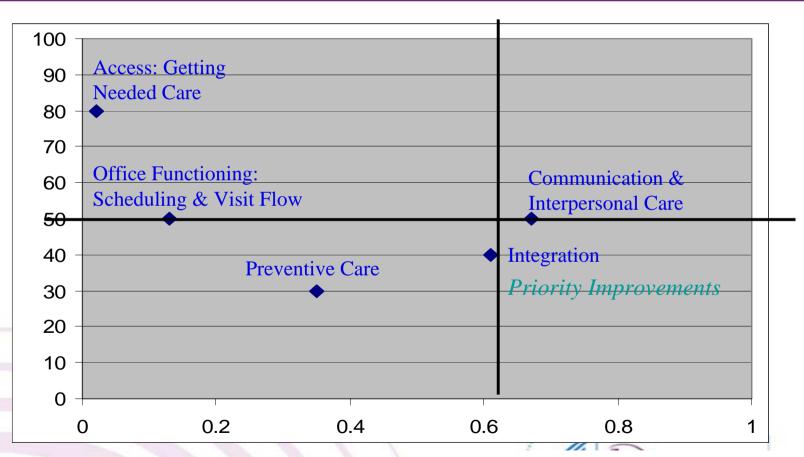
- A resource manual for health plans and medical groups seeking to improve their CAHPS® scores
- Funded by CMS (Medicare) and developed by Harvard Medical School CAHPS® Team
- Over 2 dozen strategies mapped to CAHPS[®] core questions



Stillwater Medical Group (SMG) Baseline Survey Results (n=164)







Correlation to Measure of Willingness to Recommend

SMG Intervention Results



■ Priority aim:

Improve doctor communication scores

Intervention:

- 3-day doctor training course facilitated by American Academy on Physician and Patient (AAPP)
- 56 of 58 doctors attended in May 04

Results:

- Notable short-term improvement in question scores related to doctor communication
- Mixed results in question scores over the longer term
- Overall increase in medical staff support for "relationshipcentered" care and need for improvement



SMG Short vs. Longer-Term Change in Scores

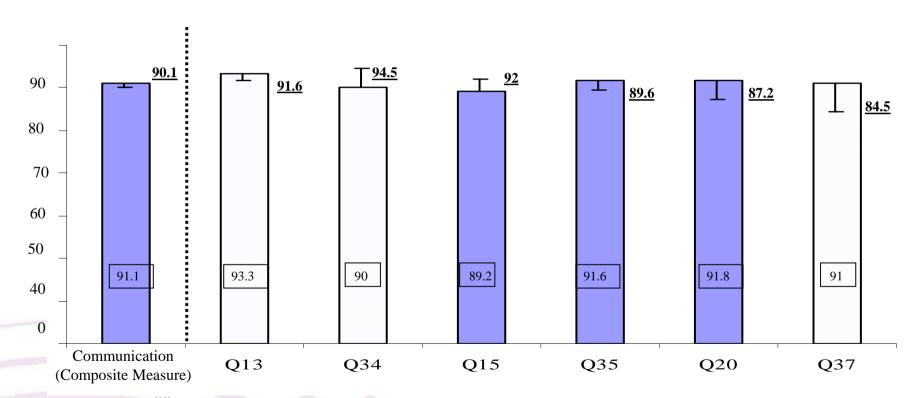


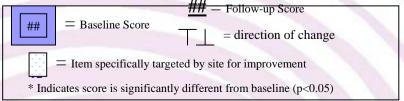
Q37: During your most recent visit, did the doctor spend enough time with you? Improvement goal: >95% "yes, definitely"

Response	Baseline (July-Nov 2003)	Post training (July 2003)	Follow-up (July-Sept 2004)
No, definitely not	5%	0%	11%
Yes, somewhat	7%	4%	8%
Yes, definitely	88%	96%	81%

Stillwater Medical Group Communication & Interpersonal Care Changes from Baseline to Follow-Up









Northwest Family Physicians (NWFP) Intervention Results



■ Priority aim:

Improve integration and coordination of care

Intervention:

 Changed system for maintaining patient charts, to insure notes from previous visit and any urgent care visits are included in chart for next visit

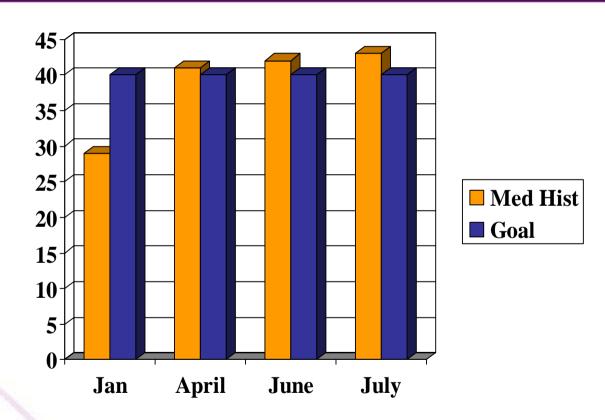
■ Results:

Consistent short and long term improvement in question scores

NWFP Change in Survey Scores



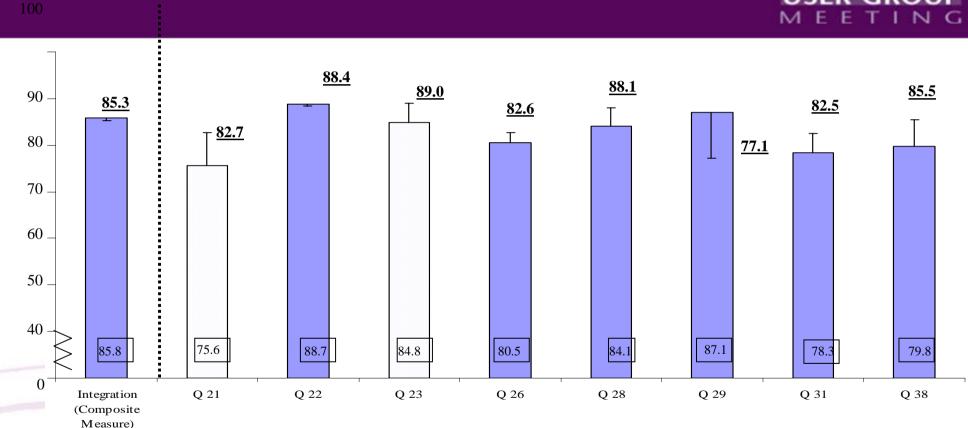
Q21: How would you rate your personal doctor's knowledge of your medical history?
Improvement goal: 40% "excellent"

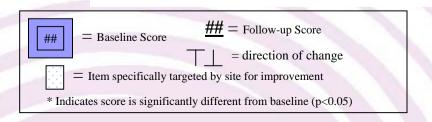




NWFP Integration Changes from Baseline through Follow-up











U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Challenges of Sustaining Improvements



"My trouble is that the energy for this action group died a quiet death. There really isn't anything to report. The administrator never really came on board and without his support the rest of the team lost enthusiasm."

-- Participant in ICSI PCE Collaborative



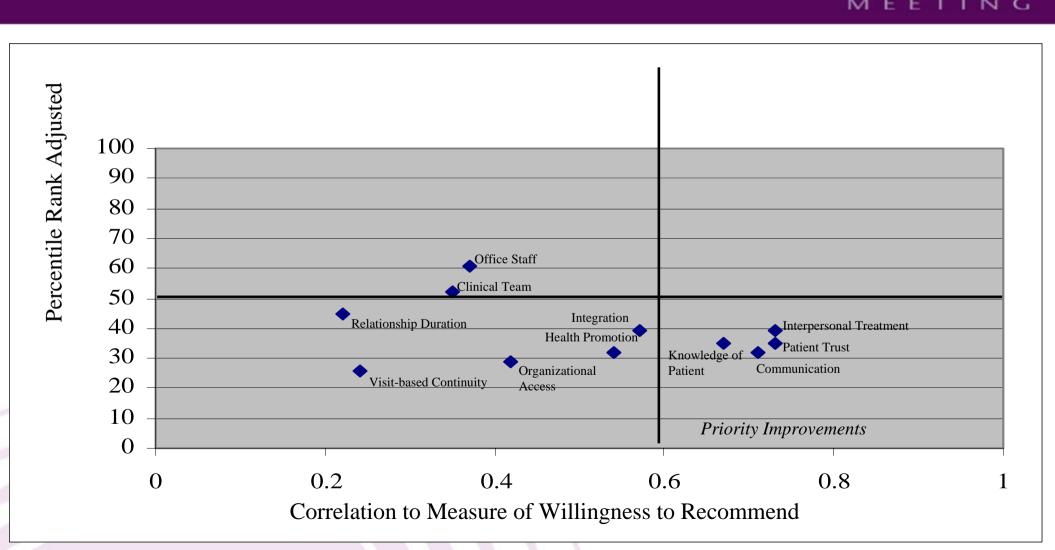
MA Practice Improvement Initiative



- Senior leadership-initiated improvement
 - Key motivator: Statewide survey results (2002)
 - New business model
- Intervention: Multi-site primary care practice (n=14)
 - Practicewide "messaging" and increased continuity (Beginning 2003)
 - Ongoing data collection (Beginning January 2004)
 - Quarterly reporting (Beginning July 2004)
 - Pilot practices (n=5): Improvement team in residence (January-June 2004)
- Control Group: Affiliated practices (n=5)
 - Identical data collection and reporting
 - No focused intervention

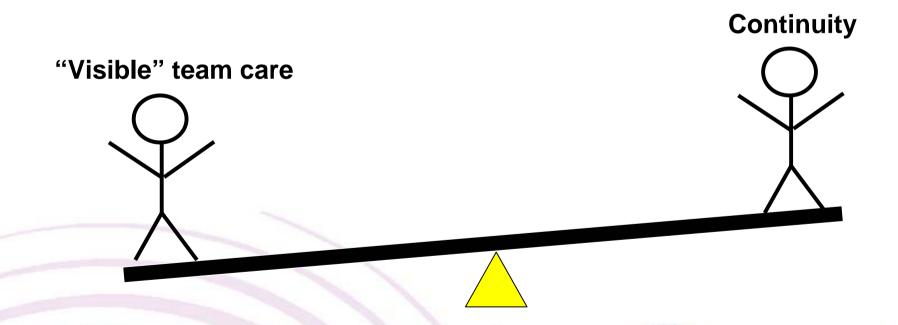


What Drives Patients' Willingness To Recommend And How Are We Doing: 2002 us

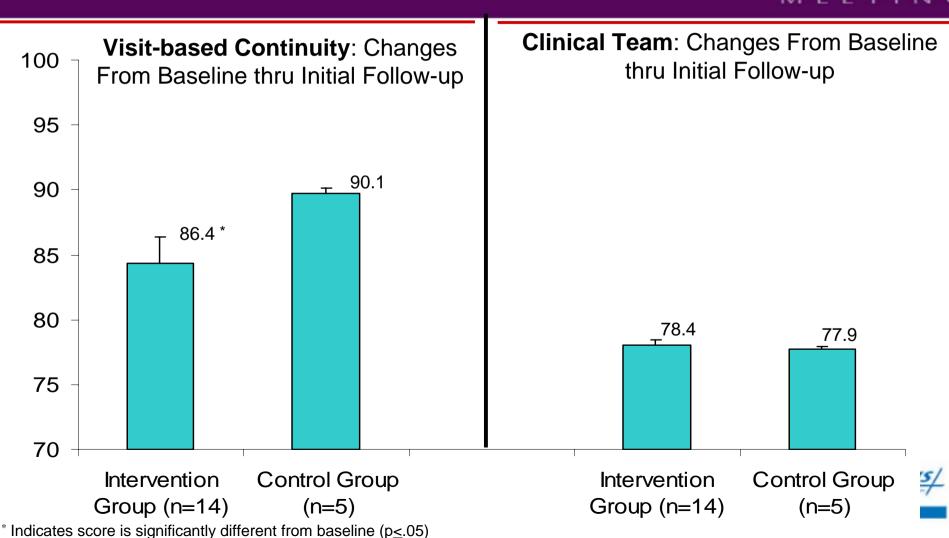


Achieving High Interpersonal Quality









Quality of Clinician-Patient Interactions

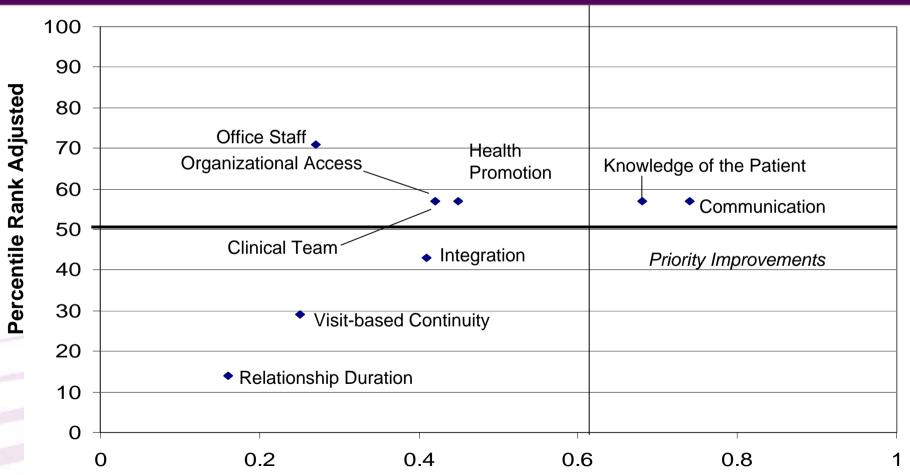


- "Intervention Group" (14 practice sites)
 - Significant improvement on all indicators of clinician-patient interaction quality
 - Communication quality
 - Knowledge of patient
 - o Integration of care
 - Health promotion
 - Gains were not equal across all 14 practice sites
 - o "Pilot" and "wave-2" sites achieved similar levels of improvement
 - Wave-3 sites: no significant improvement
- "Control Group" (5 practices): No significant change on any measure



<u>Updated View of the Practice:</u> <u>April-June 2004</u>





Factors That May Have Contributed to Results



- Leadership is committed and engaged
- Strategic goals are aimed at organizational transformation
- Internal communication and action are aligned with strategic goals
- Motivation through external rewards and incentives



Other Factors That May Contribute to Measurable and Sustained Improvement



- Patients and families are involved in redesign and improvement
- Work environment for clinicians and staff maximize quality of work life

